
Assignment 5 – Due Thursday, November 17

Objective: The objective of this assignment is for you to gain experience working with the basic graph data structure, including iterating through vertices and adjacencies. This assignment is not as long or intricate as other full-credit assignments, so take the time to experiment with the graph data structure and get comfortable working with it. The time you invest in this will pay off on the final assignment!

Background: Courses in Computer Science depend heavily on prerequisites, and it is common to represent prerequisites as a graph (like on the prerequisite chart we publish on our department web page). It is easy to create a graph of courses linked to prerequisites by scraping data from the *UNCG Bulletin*, and you can use that as input to construct a graph with an edge from a course to each of its prerequisites. However, sometimes we might want to look at this graph in the other way: For each course that acts as a prerequisite, what courses depend on it? This is the *transpose* of the original graph, or the graph with the same vertices and connections, but with the direction of each edge reversed. Your goal for this assignment is to write methods that will allow you to take a graph of Computer Science courses and prerequisites, and print the transpose graph. Samples of the output for both the original graph and the transposed graph are given on the following pages.

What To Do: Start with the code in Bitbucket, as in previous assignments: fork the “Assign5” repository, rename it to include your username, grant read access to the class administrators, and then use NetBeans on your computer to clone it so you can work with it.

You are to write two methods (stubs are given in the provided code):

- `printGraph()` prints the graph in a readable form, as shown in the samples on the following pages. Note that the output is “nice” in the sense that each vertex is followed by an appropriate, grammatically correct phrase on the same line, depending on whether there are zero, one, or more adjacent vertices. Note also that the vertices are given in sorted order — you actually get that “for free” if you change one data structure that is used in the Weiss graph implementation. These small touches matter!
- `getTransposedGraph()` operates on a graph and returns a new graph that is the transpose of the original graph (which is not changed).

Submission Instructions: Using NetBeans, commit all changes to your project and do a “push to upstream” to put the most up-to-date files on the Bitbucket server. Remember: Do *not* create a pull request — I will clone your repository (if it exists and you granted me access) at 12:30 on the due date, and will assume that is your submission. If you intend to keep working on your project and submit late, please let me know by email, and I will ignore your repository until the late submission deadline.

Original Graph Output: This shows the output of the `printGraph()` method when called on the original graph (courses with edges to their prerequisites). *Your output will not be two columns, of course — it's just printed that way here to save space.*

CSC130 -- no edges out	CSC523 -- edges out to:
CSC230 -- edge out to:	CSC130
CSC130	CSC350
CSC250 -- edge out to:	CSC524 -- edge out to:
CSC130	CSC523
CSC261 -- edges out to:	CSC529 -- edges out to:
CSC230	CSC330
CSC250	CSC350
CSC312 -- edges out to:	CSC539 -- edges out to:
CSC230	CSC261
CSC250	CSC330
CSC330 -- edges out to:	CSC540 -- edge out to:
CSC230	CSC340
CSC250	CSC553 -- edge out to:
CSC339 -- edge out to:	CSC350
CSC330	CSC555 -- edge out to:
CSC340 -- edge out to:	CSC330
CSC330	CSC561 -- edges out to:
CSC350 -- edge out to:	CSC261
CSC250	CSC330
CSC463 -- edges out to:	CSC350
CSC562	CSC562 -- edges out to:
CSC567	CSC261
CSC464 -- edge out to:	CSC340
CSC463	CSC567 -- edges out to:
CSC465 -- edge out to:	CSC261
CSC464	CSC330
CSC471 -- edge out to:	CSC568 -- edges out to:
CSC330	CSC330
CSC510 -- edges out to:	CSC567
CSC330	CSC580 -- edges out to:
CSC567	CSC330
CSC521 -- edges out to:	CSC350
CSC340	CSC583 -- edges out to:
CSC350	CSC567
CSC522 -- edges out to:	CSC580
CSC330	
CSC350	

Transposed Graph Output: This shows the output of the transposed graph (the graph with all edge directions reversed). From this output, we can easily check a course to see what later courses depend on it. Note how important this class (CSC 330) is!

CSC130 -- edges out to:	CSC350 -- edges out to:
CSC230	CSC521
CSC250	CSC522
CSC523	CSC523
CSC230 -- edges out to:	CSC529
CSC261	CSC553
CSC312	CSC561
CSC330	CSC580
CSC250 -- edges out to:	CSC463 -- edge out to:
CSC261	CSC464
CSC312	CSC464 -- edge out to:
CSC330	CSC465
CSC350	CSC465 -- no edges out
CSC261 -- edges out to:	CSC471 -- no edges out
CSC539	CSC510 -- no edges out
CSC561	CSC521 -- no edges out
CSC562	CSC522 -- no edges out
CSC567	CSC523 -- edge out to:
CSC312 -- no edges out	CSC524
CSC330 -- edges out to:	CSC524 -- no edges out
CSC339	CSC529 -- no edges out
CSC340	CSC539 -- no edges out
CSC471	CSC540 -- no edges out
CSC510	CSC553 -- no edges out
CSC522	CSC555 -- no edges out
CSC529	CSC561 -- no edges out
CSC539	CSC562 -- edge out to:
CSC555	CSC463
CSC561	CSC567 -- edges out to:
CSC567	CSC463
CSC568	CSC510
CSC580	CSC568
CSC339 -- no edges out	CSC583
CSC340 -- edges out to:	CSC568 -- no edges out
CSC521	CSC580 -- edge out to:
CSC540	CSC583
CSC562	CSC583 -- no edges out